

## **NetApp usage of non-GAAP financial information**

To supplement NetApp's condensed consolidated financial statement information presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States (GAAP), NetApp provides investors with certain non-GAAP measures, including, but not limited to, historical non-GAAP gross margins, non-GAAP operating margins, non-GAAP operating results, non-GAAP net income, non-GAAP effective tax rate, free cash flow, billings, and historical and projected non-GAAP earnings per diluted share. NetApp also presents the hardware and software components of our GAAP product revenues. Because our revenue recognition policy under GAAP defines a configured storage system, inclusive of the operating system software essential to its functionality, as a single performance obligation, hardware and software components of our product revenues are considered non-GAAP measures. The hardware and software components of our product revenues are derived from an estimated fair value allocation of the transaction price of our contracts with customers, down to the level of the product hardware and software components. This allocation is primarily based on the contractual prices at which NetApp has historically billed customers for such respective components.

NetApp believes that the presentation of non-GAAP gross margins, non-GAAP operating margins, non-GAAP net income, non-GAAP effective tax rates, and non-GAAP earnings per share data, when shown in conjunction with the corresponding GAAP measures, provides useful information to investors and management regarding financial and business trends relating to its financial condition and results of operations.

NetApp believes that the presentation of free cash flow, which it defines as the net cash provided by operating activities less cash used to acquire property and equipment, to be a liquidity measure that provides useful information to management and investors because it reflects cash that can be used to, among other things, invest in its business, make strategic acquisitions, repurchase common stock, and pay dividends on its common stock. As free cash flow is not a measure of liquidity calculated in accordance with GAAP, free cash flow should be considered in addition to, but not as a substitute for, the analysis provided in the statement of cash flows.

NetApp believes that the presentation of the software and hardware components of our product revenues is meaningful to investors and management as it illustrates the significance of the Company's software and provides improved visibility into the value created by our software innovation and R&D investment.

NetApp approximates billings by adding net revenues as reported on our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the period to the change in total deferred revenue and financed unearned services revenue as reported on our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the same period. Billings is a performance measure that NetApp believes provides useful information to management and investors because it approximates the amounts under purchase orders received by us during a given period that have been billed.

NetApp's management uses these non-GAAP measures in making operating decisions because it believes the measurements provide meaningful supplemental information regarding NetApp's ongoing operational performance. These non-GAAP financial measures are used to: (1) measure company performance against historical results, (2) facilitate comparisons to our competitors' operating results and (3) allow greater transparency with respect to information used by management in financial and operational decision making.

NetApp excludes the following items from its non-GAAP measures when applicable:

A. *Amortization of intangible assets.* NetApp records amortization of intangible assets that were acquired in connection with its business combinations. The amortization of intangible assets varies depending on the level of acquisition activity. Management finds it useful to exclude these charges to assess the appropriate level of various operating expenses to assist in budgeting, planning and forecasting future periods and in measuring operational performance.

B. *Stock-based compensation expenses.* NetApp excludes stock-based compensation expenses from its non-GAAP measures primarily because the amount can fluctuate based on variables unrelated to the performance of the underlying business. While management views stock-based compensation as a key element of our employee retention and long-term incentives, we do not view it as an expense to be used in evaluating operational performance in any given period.

C. *Litigation settlements.* NetApp may periodically incur charges or benefits related to litigation settlements. NetApp excludes these charges and benefits, when significant, because it does not believe they are reflective of ongoing business and operating results.

D. *Acquisition-related expenses.* NetApp excludes acquisition-related expenses, including (a) due diligence, legal and other one-time integration charges and (b) write down of assets acquired that NetApp does not intend to use in its ongoing business, from its non-GAAP measures, primarily because they are not related to our ongoing business or cost base and, therefore, are less useful for future planning and forecasting.

E. *Restructuring charges.* These charges consist of restructuring charges that are incurred based on the particular facts and circumstances of restructuring decisions, including employment and contractual settlement terms, and other related charges, and can vary in size and frequency. We therefore exclude them in our assessment of operational performance.

F. *Asset impairments.* These are non-cash charges to write down assets when there is an indication that the asset has become impaired. Management finds it useful to exclude these non-cash charges due to the unpredictability of these events in its assessment of operational performance.

G. *Gains/losses on the sale or derecognition of assets.* These are gains/losses from the sale of our properties and other transactions in which we transfer control of assets to a third party. Management believes that these transactions do not reflect the results of our underlying, on-going business and, therefore, are less useful for future planning and forecasting.

H. *Gains/losses on the sale of investments in equity securities.* These are gains/losses from the sale of our investment in certain equity securities. Typically, such investments are sold as a result of a change in control of the underlying businesses. Management believes that these transactions do not reflect the results of our underlying, on-going business and, therefore, are less useful for future planning and forecasting.

I. *Debt extinguishment costs.* NetApp excludes certain non-recurring expenses incurred as a result of the early extinguishment of debt. Management believes such nonrecurring costs do not reflect the results of its underlying, on-going business and, therefore, are less useful for future planning and forecasting.

J. *Income tax adjustments.* NetApp's non-GAAP tax provision is based upon a projected annual non-GAAP effective tax rate for the first three quarters of the fiscal year and an actual non-GAAP tax provision for the fourth quarter of the fiscal year. The non-GAAP tax provision also excludes, when applicable, (a) tax charges or benefits in the current period that relate to one or more prior fiscal periods that are a result of events such as changes in tax legislation, authoritative guidance, income tax audit settlements, statute lapses and/or court decisions, (b) tax charges or benefits that are attributable to unusual or non-recurring book and/or tax accounting method changes, (c) tax charges that are a result of a non-routine foreign cash repatriation, (d) tax charges or benefits that are a result of infrequent restructuring of the Company's tax structure, (e) tax charges or benefits that are a result of a change in valuation allowance, and (f) tax charges or benefits resulting from the integration of intellectual property from acquisitions. Management believes that the use of non-GAAP tax provisions provides a more meaningful measure of the Company's operational performance.

These non-GAAP measures are not in accordance with, or an alternative for, measures prepared in accordance with GAAP, and may be different from non-GAAP measures used by other companies. In addition, these non-GAAP measures are not based on any comprehensive set of accounting rules or principles. NetApp believes that non-GAAP measures have limitations in that they do not reflect all of the amounts associated with the Company's results of operations as determined in accordance with GAAP and that these measures should only be used to evaluate the Company's results of operations in conjunction with the corresponding GAAP measures. NetApp management compensates for these limitations by analyzing current and projected results on a GAAP basis as well as a non-GAAP basis. The presentation of non-GAAP financial information is not meant to be considered in isolation or as a substitute for the directly comparable financial measures prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States. The non-GAAP financial measures are meant to supplement, and be viewed in conjunction with, GAAP financial measures.

**NETAPP, INC.**  
**RECONCILIATION OF NON-GAAP TO GAAP**  
**INCOME STATEMENT INFORMATION**  
(In millions, except net income per share amounts)

	FY2022	Q1'FY23	Q2 FY'23	Q3'FY23	Q4'FY23	FY2023	Q1'FY24	Q2'FY24
<b>NET INCOME</b>	\$ 937	\$ 214	\$ 750	\$ 65	\$ 245	\$ 1,274	\$ 149	\$ 233
Adjustments:								
Amortization of intangible assets	46	17	17	17	17	68	15	14
Stock-based compensation	245	67	78	93	74	312	87	93
Litigation settlements	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restructuring charges	33	11	11	87	11	120	26	5
Acquisition-related expense	13	10	5	3	3	21	3	3
Gain on sale of equity investment	-	(32)	-	-	-	(32)	-	-
Litigation settlements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(5)
Income tax effects	(68)	(18)	(11)	(33)	11	(51)	(31)	(9)
Income tax (benefits) expenses from integration of acquired companies	1	-	-	-	(27)	(27)	-	-
Resolution of income tax matters	-	-	-	69	-	69	-	-
Income tax benefit from intra-entity intellectual property transfer	-	-	(524)	-	-	(524)	-	-
<b>NON-GAAP NET INCOME</b>	<b>\$ 1,209</b>	<b>\$ 269</b>	<b>\$ 326</b>	<b>\$ 301</b>	<b>\$ 334</b>	<b>\$ 1,230</b>	<b>\$ 249</b>	<b>\$ 334</b>
<b>COST OF REVENUES</b>	<b>2,098</b>	<b>546</b>	<b>576</b>	<b>525</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>2,153</b>	<b>436</b>	<b>452</b>
Adjustments:								
Amortization of intangible assets	(33)	(11)	(10)	(11)	(10)	(42)	(9)	(8)
Stock-based compensation	(17)	(5)	(5)	(8)	(6)	(24)	(7)	(7)
<b>NON-GAAP COST OF REVENUES</b>	<b>\$ 2,048</b>	<b>\$ 530</b>	<b>\$ 561</b>	<b>\$ 506</b>	<b>\$ 490</b>	<b>\$ 2,087</b>	<b>\$ 420</b>	<b>\$ 437</b>
<b>COST OF PRODUCT REVENUES</b>	<b>\$ 1,554</b>	<b>\$ 397</b>	<b>\$ 418</b>	<b>\$ 367</b>	<b>\$ 335</b>	<b>\$ 1,517</b>	<b>\$ 265</b>	<b>\$ 276</b>
Adjustments:								
Amortization of intangible assets	(9)	(1)	-	-	-	(1)	-	-
Stock-based compensation	(4)	(1)	(1)	(2)	(1)	(5)	(1)	(1)
<b>NON-GAAP COST OF PRODUCT REVENUES</b>	<b>\$ 1,541</b>	<b>\$ 395</b>	<b>\$ 417</b>	<b>\$ 365</b>	<b>\$ 334</b>	<b>\$ 1,511</b>	<b>\$ 264</b>	<b>\$ 275</b>
<b>COST OF SERVICES REVENUES</b>	<b>\$ 544</b>	<b>\$ 149</b>	<b>\$ 158</b>	<b>\$ 158</b>	<b>\$ 171</b>	<b>\$ 636</b>	<b>\$ 171</b>	<b>\$ 176</b>
Adjustments:								
Amortization of intangible assets	(24)	(10)	(10)	(11)	(10)	(41)	(9)	(8)
Stock-based compensation	(13)	(4)	(4)	(6)	(5)	(19)	(6)	(6)
<b>NON-GAAP COST OF SERVICES REVENUES</b>	<b>\$ 507</b>	<b>\$ 135</b>	<b>\$ 144</b>	<b>\$ 141</b>	<b>\$ 156</b>	<b>\$ 576</b>	<b>\$ 156</b>	<b>\$ 162</b>
<b>GROSS PROFIT</b>	<b>\$ 4,220</b>	<b>\$ 1,046</b>	<b>\$ 1,087</b>	<b>\$ 1,001</b>	<b>\$ 1,075</b>	<b>\$ 4,209</b>	<b>\$ 996</b>	<b>\$ 1,110</b>
Adjustments:								
Amortization of intangible assets	33	11	10	11	10	42	9	8
Stock-based compensation	17	5	5	8	6	24	7	7
<b>NON-GAAP GROSS PROFIT</b>	<b>\$ 4,270</b>	<b>\$ 1,062</b>	<b>\$ 1,102</b>	<b>\$ 1,020</b>	<b>\$ 1,091</b>	<b>\$ 4,275</b>	<b>\$ 1,012</b>	<b>\$ 1,125</b>
<b>SALES AND MARKETING EXPENSES</b>	<b>\$ 1,857</b>	<b>\$ 458</b>	<b>\$ 479</b>	<b>\$ 450</b>	<b>\$ 442</b>	<b>\$ 1,829</b>	<b>\$ 468</b>	<b>\$ 461</b>
Adjustments:								
Amortization of intangible assets	(13)	(6)	(7)	(6)	(7)	(26)	(6)	(6)
Stock-based compensation	(115)	(28)	(35)	(40)	(32)	(135)	(36)	(37)
<b>NON-GAAP SALES AND MARKETING EXPENSES</b>	<b>\$ 1,729</b>	<b>\$ 424</b>	<b>\$ 437</b>	<b>\$ 404</b>	<b>\$ 403</b>	<b>\$ 1,668</b>	<b>\$ 426</b>	<b>\$ 418</b>

<b>RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENSES</b>	\$	881	\$	240	\$	243	\$	230	\$	243	\$	956	\$	247	\$	262
Adjustments:																
Stock-based compensation		(75)		(24)		(26)		(32)		(29)		(111)		(32)		(35)
<b>NON-GAAP RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENSES</b>	\$	806	\$	216	\$	217	\$	198	\$	214	\$	845	\$	215	\$	227
<b>GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES</b>	\$	279	\$	72	\$	67	\$	59	\$	67	\$	265	\$	74	\$	75
Adjustments:																
Stock-based compensation		(38)		(10)		(12)		(13)		(7)		(42)		(12)		(14)
Litigation settlements		(2)		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
<b>NON-GAAP GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES</b>	\$	239	\$	62	\$	55	\$	46	\$	60	\$	223	\$	62	\$	61

**NETAPP, INC.**  
**RECONCILIATION OF NON-GAAP TO GAAP**  
**INCOME STATEMENT INFORMATION**  
(In millions, except net income per share amounts)

	<b>FY2022</b>	<b>Q1'FY23</b>	<b>Q2 FY'23</b>	<b>Q3'FY23</b>	<b>Q4'FY23</b>	<b>FY2023</b>	<b>Q1'FY24</b>	<b>Q2'FY24</b>								
<b>RESTRUCTURING CHARGES</b>	\$	33	\$	11	\$	11	\$	87	\$	11	\$	120	\$	26	\$	5
Adjustments:																
Restructuring charges		(33)		(11)		(11)		(87)		(11)		(120)		(26)		(5)
<b>NON-GAAP RESTRUCTURING CHARGES</b>	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
<b>ACQUISITION-RELATED EXPENSE</b>	\$	13	\$	10	\$	5	\$	3	\$	3	\$	21	\$	3	\$	3
Adjustments:																
Acquisition-related expense		(13)		(10)		(5)		(3)		(3)		(21)		(3)		(3)
<b>NON-GAAP ACQUISITION-RELATED EXPENSE</b>	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
<b>OPERATING EXPENSES</b>	\$	3,063	\$	791	\$	805	\$	829	\$	766	\$	3,191	\$	818	\$	806
Adjustments:																
Amortization of intangible assets		(13)		(6)		(7)		(6)		(7)		(26)		(6)		(6)
Stock-based compensation		(228)		(62)		(73)		(85)		(68)		(288)		(80)		(86)
Litigation settlements		(2)		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Restructuring charges		(33)		(11)		(11)		(87)		(11)		(120)		(26)		(5)
Acquisition-related expense		(13)		(10)		(5)		(3)		(3)		(21)		(3)		(3)
<b>NON-GAAP OPERATING EXPENSES</b>	\$	2,774	\$	702	\$	709	\$	648	\$	677	\$	2,736	\$	703	\$	706
<b>INCOME FROM OPERATIONS</b>	\$	1,157	\$	255	\$	282	\$	172	\$	309	\$	1,018	\$	178	\$	304
Adjustments:																
Amortization of intangible assets		46		17		17		17		17		68		15		14
Stock-based compensation		245		67		78		93		74		312		87		93
Litigation settlements		2		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Restructuring charges		33		11		11		87		11		120		26		5
Acquisition-related expense		13		10		5		3		3		21		3		3
<b>NON-GAAP INCOME FROM OPERATIONS</b>	\$	1,496	\$	360	\$	393	\$	372	\$	414	\$	1,539	\$	309	\$	419
<b>INCOME FROM OPERATIONS AS A % OF REVENUE</b>		18.3%		16.0%		17.0%		11.3%		19.5%		16.0%		12.4%		19.5%
Adjustments:																
<b>NON-GAAP INCOME FROM OPERATIONS AS A % OF REVENUE</b>		23.7%		22.6%		23.6%		24.4%		26.2%		24.2%		21.6%		26.8%

<b>OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE), NET</b>	\$	(62)	\$	15	\$	23	\$	5	\$	5	\$	48	\$	8	\$	11
Adjustments:																
Gain on sale of equity investment		-		(32)		-		-		-		(32)		-		-
Litigation settlements		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		(5)
<b>NON-GAAP OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE), NET</b>	\$	(62)	\$	(17)	\$	23	\$	5	\$	5	\$	16	\$	8	\$	6
<b>INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES</b>	\$	1,095	\$	270	\$	305	\$	177	\$	314	\$	1,066	\$	186	\$	315
Adjustments:																
Amortization of intangible assets		46		17		17		17		17		68		15		14
Stock-based compensation		245		67		78		93		74		312		87		93
Litigation settlements		2		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Restructuring charges		33		11		11		87		11		120		26		5
Acquisition-related expense		13		10		5		3		3		21		3		3
Litigation settlements		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		(5)
Gain on sale of equity investment		-		(32)		-		-		-		(32)		-		-
<b>NON-GAAP INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES</b>	\$	1,434	\$	343	\$	416	\$	377	\$	419	\$	1,555	\$	317	\$	425
<b>PROVISION (BENEFIT) FOR INCOME TAXES</b>	\$	158	\$	56	\$	(445)	\$	112	\$	69	\$	(208)	\$	37	\$	82
Adjustments:																
Income tax effects		68		18		11		33		(11)		51		31		9
Income tax benefits (expenses) from integration of acquired companies		(1)		-		-		-		27		27		-		-
Resolution of income tax matters		-		-		-		(69)		-		(69)		-		-
Income tax benefit from intra-entity intellectual property transfer		-		-		524		-		-		524		-		-
<b>NON-GAAP PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES</b>	\$	225	\$	74	\$	90	\$	76	\$	85	\$	325	\$	68	\$	91
<b>NET INCOME PER SHARE</b>	\$	4.09	\$	0.96	\$	3.41	\$	0.30	\$	1.13	\$	5.79	\$	0.69	\$	1.10
Adjustments:																
Amortization of intangible assets		0.20		0.08		0.08		0.08		0.08		0.31		0.07		0.07
Stock-based compensation		1.07		0.30		0.35		0.42		0.34		1.42		0.40		0.44
Litigation settlements		0.01		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Restructuring charges		0.14		0.05		0.05		0.40		0.05		0.55		0.12		0.02
Acquisition-related expense		0.06		0.04		0.02		0.01		0.01		0.10		0.01		0.01
Gain on sale of equity investment		-		(0.14)		-		-		-		(0.15)		-		-
Litigation settlements		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		(0.02)
Income tax effects		(0.30)		(0.08)		(0.05)		(0.15)		0.05		(0.23)		(0.14)		(0.04)
Income tax (benefits) expenses from integration of acquired companies		0.00		-		-		-		(0.12)		(0.12)		-		-
Resolution of income tax matters		-		-		-		0.32		-		0.31		-		-
Income tax benefit from intra-entity intellectual property transfer		-		-		(2.38)		-		-		(2.38)		-		-
<b>NON-GAAP NET INCOME PER SHARE</b>	\$	5.28	\$	1.20	\$	1.48	\$	1.37	\$	1.54	\$	5.59	\$	1.15	\$	1.58

**RECONCILIATION OF NON-GAAP TO GAAP  
GROSS MARGIN  
(\$ in millions)**

	FY2022	Q1'FY23	Q2 FY'23	Q3'FY23	Q4'FY23	FY2023	Q1'FY24	Q2'FY24
<b>Gross margin-GAAP</b>	66.8%	65.7%	65.4%	65.6%	68.0%	66.2%	69.6%	71.1%
Cost of revenues adjustments	0.8%	1.0%	0.9%	1.2%	1.0%	1.0%	1.1%	1.0%
<b>Gross margin-Non-GAAP</b>	67.6%	66.7%	66.3%	66.8%	69.0%	67.2%	70.7%	72.0%
GAAP cost of revenues	\$ 2,098	\$ 546	\$ 576	\$ 525	\$ 506	\$ 2,153	\$ 436	\$ 452
Cost of revenues adjustments:								
Amortization of intangible assets	(33)	(11)	(10)	(11)	(10)	(42)	(9)	(8)
Stock-based compensation	(17)	(5)	(5)	(8)	(6)	(24)	(7)	(7)
Non-GAAP cost of revenues	\$ 2,048	\$ 530	\$ 561	\$ 506	\$ 490	\$ 2,087	\$ 420	\$ 437
Net revenues	\$ 6,318	\$ 1,592	\$ 1,663	\$ 1,526	\$ 1,581	\$ 6,362	\$ 1,432	\$ 1,562

**RECONCILIATION OF NON-GAAP TO GAAP  
PRODUCT GROSS MARGIN  
(\$ in millions)**

	FY2022	Q1'FY23	Q2 FY'23	Q3'FY23	Q4'FY23	FY2023	Q1'FY24	Q2'FY24
<b>Product gross margin-GAAP</b>	52.7%	49.5%	50.1%	46.2%	55.0%	50.2%	55.1%	60.9%
Cost of product revenues adjustments	0.4%	0.3%	0.1%	0.3%	0.1%	0.2%	0.2%	0.1%
<b>Product gross margin-Non-GAAP</b>	53.1%	49.7%	50.2%	46.5%	55.1%	50.4%	55.3%	61.0%
GAAP cost of product revenues	\$ 1,554	\$ 397	\$ 418	\$ 367	\$ 335	\$ 1,517	\$ 265	\$ 276
Cost of product revenues adjustments:								
Amortization of intangible assets	(9)	(1)	-	-	-	(1)	-	-
Stock-based compensation	(4)	(1)	(1)	(2)	(1)	(5)	(1)	(1)
Non-GAAP cost of product revenues	\$ 1,541	\$ 395	\$ 417	\$ 365	\$ 334	\$ 1,511	\$ 264	\$ 275
Product revenues	\$ 3,284	\$ 786	\$ 837	\$ 682	\$ 744	\$ 3,049	\$ 590	\$ 706

**RECONCILIATION OF NON-GAAP TO GAAP  
SERVICES GROSS MARGIN  
(\$ in millions)**

	FY2022	Q1'FY23	Q2 FY'23	Q3'FY23	Q4'FY23	FY2023	Q1'FY24	Q2'FY24
<b>Services gross margin-GAAP</b>	82.1%	81.5%	80.9%	81.3%	79.6%	80.8%	79.7%	79.4%
Cost of services revenues adjustments	1.2%	1.7%	1.7%	2.0%	1.8%	1.8%	1.8%	1.6%
<b>Services gross margin-Non-GAAP</b>	83.3%	83.3%	82.6%	83.3%	81.4%	82.6%	81.5%	81.1%
GAAP cost of services revenues	\$ 544	\$ 149	\$ 158	\$ 158	\$ 171	\$ 636	\$ 171	\$ 176
Cost of services revenues adjustments:								
Amortization of intangible assets	(24)	(10)	(10)	(11)	(10)	(41)	(9)	(8)
Stock-based compensation	(13)	(4)	(4)	(6)	(5)	(19)	(6)	(6)
Non-GAAP cost of services revenues	\$ 507	\$ 135	\$ 144	\$ 141	\$ 156	\$ 576	\$ 156	\$ 162
Services revenues	\$ 3,034	\$ 806	\$ 826	\$ 844	\$ 837	\$ 3,313	\$ 842	\$ 856

**RECONCILIATION OF NON-GAAP TO GAAP  
EFFECTIVE TAX RATE**

	<b>FY2022</b>	<b>Q1'FY23</b>	<b>Q2 FY'23</b>	<b>Q3'FY23</b>	<b>Q4'FY23</b>	<b>FY2023</b>	<b>Q1'FY24</b>	<b>Q2'FY24</b>
<b>GAAP effective tax rate</b>	14.4%	20.7%	(145.9%)	63.3%	22.0%	(19.5%)	19.9%	26.0%
Adjustments:								
Income tax effects	1.4%	0.8%	41.6%	(4.1%)	(10.3%)	(4.8%)	1.6%	(4.6%)
Income tax benefits (expenses) from integration of acquired companies	(0.1%)	- %	- %	- %	8.6%	2.5%	- %	- %
Resolution of income tax matters	- %	- %	- %	(39.0%)	- %	(6.5%)	- %	- %
Income tax benefit from intra-entity intellectual property transfer	- %	- %	126%	- %	- %	49.2%	- %	- %
<b>Non-GAAP effective tax rate</b>	<b>15.7%</b>	<b>21.6%</b>	<b>21.6%</b>	<b>20.2%</b>	<b>20.3%</b>	<b>20.9%</b>	<b>21.5%</b>	<b>21.4%</b>

**RECONCILIATION OF NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES  
TO FREE CASH FLOW (NON-GAAP)  
(In millions)**

	<b>FY2022</b>	<b>Q1'FY23</b>	<b>Q2 FY'23</b>	<b>Q3'FY23</b>	<b>Q4'FY23</b>	<b>FY2023</b>	<b>Q1'FY24</b>	<b>Q2'FY24</b>
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 1,211	\$ 281	\$ 214	\$ 377	\$ 235	\$ 1,107	\$ 453	\$ 135
Purchases of property and equipment	(226)	(65)	(77)	(58)	(39)	(239)	(35)	(38)
<b>Free cash flow</b>	<b>\$ 985</b>	<b>\$ 216</b>	<b>\$ 137</b>	<b>\$ 319</b>	<b>\$ 196</b>	<b>\$ 868</b>	<b>\$ 418</b>	<b>\$ 97</b>

**RECONCILIATION OF NET REVENUES  
TO BILLINGS (NON-GAAP)  
(In millions)**

	<b>FY2022</b>	<b>Q1'FY23</b>	<b>Q2 FY'23</b>	<b>Q3'FY23</b>	<b>Q4'FY23</b>	<b>FY2023</b>	<b>Q1'FY24</b>	<b>Q2'FY24</b>
Net revenues	\$ 6,318	\$ 1,592	\$ 1,663	\$ 1,526	\$ 1,581	\$ 6,362	\$ 1,432	\$ 1,562
Change in deferred revenue and financed unearned services revenue*	384	(32)	(61)	46	93	46	(133)	(108)
<b>Billings</b>	<b>\$ 6,702</b>	<b>\$ 1,560</b>	<b>\$ 1,602</b>	<b>\$ 1,572</b>	<b>\$ 1,674</b>	<b>\$ 6,408</b>	<b>\$ 1,299</b>	<b>\$ 1,454</b>

\* As reported on our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

*Some items may not add or recalculate due to rounding*

**DOLLAR-BASED NET REVENUE RETENTION RATE (NON-GAAP) DEFINITION**

Dollar-based net revenue retention rate (DBNRR) for Public Cloud is a Non-GAAP metric calculated by dividing the approximate total revenue from our Public Cloud customer base at the end of a period ("Cloud Current Period revenue") by the approximate revenue of the same group of customers at the beginning of that 12-month period. Cloud Current Period revenue includes existing customer renewals and expansion, is net of existing customer contraction and churn, and excludes new customers. Amounts used in the calculation of DBNRR differ from revenues recognized in accordance with US GAAP as they are derived from contract values prior to the reallocation of total contract value across all performance obligations based on relative standalone selling price, as required by ASC 606.



**RECONCILIATION OF CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS  
TO NET CASH (NON-GAAP)  
(In millions)**

Cash, cash equivalents and investments  
Current portion of long-term debt  
Long-term debt  
Net Cash

	<b>Q1 FY'24</b>		<b>Q2'FY24</b>
	\$ 2,975	\$	2,620
	-		(400)
	(2,390)		(1,991)
	\$ 585	\$	229

Net cash is a non-GAAP measure and is defined as cash, cash equivalents and investments less current and non-current portion of long-term debt.

**NETAPP, INC.**  
**SUPPLEMENTAL DATA**  
(In millions except net income per share, percentages, DSO, DPO and Inventory Turns)  
**RECONCILIATION OF SEGMENTS GROSS PROFIT TO TOTAL GROSS PROFIT\***

	FY2022	Q1'FY23	Q2'FY23	Q3'FY23	Q4'FY23	FY2023	Q1'FY24	Q2'FY24
<b>Revenues by Segment</b>								
Product	\$ 3,284	\$ 786	\$ 837	\$ 682	\$ 744	\$ 3,049	\$ 590	\$ 706
Support	2,344	598	607	616	598	2,419	611	623
Professional and Other Services	294	76	77	78	88	319	77	79
<b>Hybrid Cloud Segment Net Revenues</b>	<b>5,922</b>	<b>1,460</b>	<b>1,521</b>	<b>1,376</b>	<b>1,430</b>	<b>5,787</b>	<b>1,278</b>	<b>1,408</b>
<b>Public Cloud Segment Net Revenues</b>	<b>396</b>	<b>132</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>575</b>	<b>154</b>	<b>154</b>
<b>Net Revenues</b>	<b>\$ 6,318</b>	<b>\$ 1,592</b>	<b>\$ 1,663</b>	<b>\$ 1,526</b>	<b>\$ 1,581</b>	<b>\$ 6,362</b>	<b>\$ 1,432</b>	<b>\$ 1,562</b>
<b>Gross Profit by Segment</b>								
Product	\$ 1,743	\$ 391	\$ 420	\$ 317	\$ 410	\$ 1,538	\$ 326	\$ 431
Support	2,160	555	562	572	549	2,238	564	573
Professional and Other Services	89	24	23	28	33	108	19	19
<b>Hybrid Cloud Segment Gross Profit</b>	<b>3,992</b>	<b>970</b>	<b>1,005</b>	<b>917</b>	<b>992</b>	<b>3,884</b>	<b>909</b>	<b>1,023</b>
<b>Public Cloud Segment Gross Profit</b>	<b>278</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>97</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>391</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>102</b>
<b>Total Segments Gross Profit</b>	<b>4,270</b>	<b>1,062</b>	<b>1,102</b>	<b>1,020</b>	<b>1,091</b>	<b>4,275</b>	<b>1,012</b>	<b>1,125</b>
Amortization of Intangible Assets	(33)	(11)	(10)	(11)	(10)	(42)	(9)	(8)
Stock-based Compensation	(17)	(5)	(5)	(8)	(6)	(24)	(7)	(7)
<b>Unallocated Cost of Revenues</b>	<b>(50)</b>	<b>(16)</b>	<b>(15)</b>	<b>(19)</b>	<b>(16)</b>	<b>(66)</b>	<b>(16)</b>	<b>(15)</b>
<b>Gross Profit</b>	<b>\$ 4,220</b>	<b>\$ 1,046</b>	<b>\$ 1,087</b>	<b>\$ 1,001</b>	<b>\$ 1,075</b>	<b>\$ 4,209</b>	<b>\$ 996</b>	<b>\$ 1,110</b>
<b>Gross Margin by Segment</b>								
Product	53.1%	49.7%	50.2%	46.5%	55.1%	50.4%	55.3%	61.0%
Support	92.2%	92.8%	92.6%	92.9%	91.8%	92.5%	92.3%	92.0%
Professional and Other Services	30.3%	31.6%	29.9%	35.9%	37.5%	33.9%	24.7%	24.1%
<b>Hybrid Cloud Segment Gross Margin</b>	<b>67.4%</b>	<b>66.4%</b>	<b>66.1%</b>	<b>66.6%</b>	<b>69.4%</b>	<b>67.1%</b>	<b>71.1%</b>	<b>72.7%</b>
<b>Public Cloud Segment Gross Margin</b>	<b>70.2%</b>	<b>69.7%</b>	<b>68.3%</b>	<b>68.7%</b>	<b>65.6%</b>	<b>68.0%</b>	<b>66.9%</b>	<b>66.2%</b>

\*Effective July 30, 2021, our Chief Operating Decision Maker, who is our Chief Executive Officer, realigned internal reporting for the purposes of evaluating performance and allocating resources. This resulted in the creation of two reportable segments for financial reporting purposes: Public Cloud and Hybrid Cloud.

	FY2022	Q1'FY23	Q2'FY23	Q3'FY23	Q4'FY23	FY2023	Q1'FY24	Q2'FY24
<b>Software and recurring Support and public cloud revenue</b>								
Product - Software	\$1,926	\$476	\$495	\$390	\$437	\$1,798	\$342	\$398
Support	\$2,344	\$598	\$607	\$616	\$598	\$2,419	\$611	\$623
Public Cloud	\$396	\$132	\$142	\$150	\$151	\$575	\$154	\$154
<b>Software and recurring Support and public cloud revenue*</b>	<b>\$4,666</b>	<b>\$1,206</b>	<b>\$1,244</b>	<b>\$1,156</b>	<b>\$1,186</b>	<b>\$4,792</b>	<b>\$1,107</b>	<b>\$1,175</b>
Software and recurring support and public cloud revenue as a percentage of net revenues		76%	75%	76%	75%	75%	77%	75%

\*Software and recurring Support and cloud revenue is a non-GAAP measure because it includes the software component of our product revenues, but not the hardware component.

#### Geographic Mix\*\*

	% FY 2022 Revenue	% of Q1 FY 2023 Revenue	% of Q2 FY 2023 Revenue	% of Q3 FY 2023 Revenue	% of Q4 FY 2023 Revenue	% of FY 2023 Revenue	% of Q1 FY 2024 Revenue	% of Q2 FY 2024 Revenue
Americas	53%	52%	51%	52%	49%	51%	53%	50%
Americas Commercial	43%	41%	37%	42%	39%	40%	41%	37%
U.S. Public Sector	10%	11%	14%	10%	10%	11%	12%	13%
EMEA	32%	32%	34%	33%	36%	34%	31%	34%
Asia Pacific	15%	16%	15%	15%	15%	15%	16%	16%

\*\* Effective in Q1 FY'24, management began evaluating revenues by geographic region based on the location to which products and services are delivered, rather than based on the location from which the customer relationship is managed. Prior year percentages have been conformed to the current year presentation.

#### Pathways Mix

	% FY 2022 Revenue	% of Q1 FY 2023 Revenue	% of Q2 FY 2023 Revenue	% of Q3 FY 2023 Revenue	% of Q4 FY 2023 Revenue	% of FY 2023 Revenue	% of Q1 FY 2024 Revenue	% of Q2 FY 2024 Revenue
Direct	23%	21%	23%	22%	22%	22%	24%	23%
Indirect	77%	79%	77%	78%	78%	78%	76%	77%

#### Non-GAAP Income from Operations, Income before Income Taxes & Effective Tax Rate

	FY2022	Q1'FY23	Q2'FY23	Q3'FY23	Q4'FY23	FY2023	Q1'FY24	Q2'FY24
Non-GAAP Income from Operations	\$1,496	\$360	\$393	\$372	\$414	\$1,539	\$309	\$419
% of Net Revenues	23.7%	22.6%	23.6%	24.4%	26.2%	24.2%	21.6%	26.8%
Non-GAAP Income Before Income Taxes	\$1,434	\$343	\$416	\$377	\$419	\$1,555	\$317	\$425
Non-GAAP Effective Tax Rate	15.7%	21.6%	21.6%	20.2%	20.3%	20.9%	21.5%	21.4%

**Non-GAAP Net Income**

	FY2022	Q1'FY23	Q2'FY23	Q3'FY23	Q4'FY23	FY2023	Q1'FY24	Q2'FY24
Non-GAAP Net Income	\$1,209	\$269	\$326	\$301	\$334	\$1,230	\$249	\$334
Non-GAAP Weighted Average Common Shares Outstanding, Diluted	229	224	220	219	217	220	216	211
Non-GAAP Net Income per Share, Diluted	\$5.28	\$1.20	\$1.48	\$1.37	\$1.54	\$5.59	\$1.15	\$1.58

**Select Balance Sheet Items**

	Q1 FY'23	Q2 FY'23	Q3 FY'23	Q4'FY23	Q1'FY24	Q2'FY24
Deferred Revenue and Financed Unearned Services Revenue	\$4,170	\$4,051	\$4,216	\$4,313	\$4,182	\$4,002
DSO (days)	49	50	49	57	41	46
DPO (days)	86	92	75	70	72	83
Inventory Turns	9	9	12	12	13	15

*Days sales outstanding (DSO) is defined as accounts receivable divided by net revenues, multiplied by the number of days in the quarter*

*Days payables outstanding (DPO) is defined as accounts payable divided by cost of revenues, multiplied by the number of days in the quarter*

*Inventory turns is defined as annualized cost of revenues divided by net inventories*

**Select Cash Flow Statement Items**

	FY2022	Q1'FY23	Q2'FY23	Q3'FY23	Q4'FY23	FY2023	Q1'FY24	Q2'FY24
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$1,211	\$281	\$214	\$377	\$235	\$1,107	\$453	\$135
Purchases of Property and Equipment	\$226	\$65	\$77	\$58	\$39	\$239	\$35	\$38
Free Cash Flow	\$985	\$216	\$137	\$319	\$196	\$868	\$418	\$97
Free Cash Flow as % of Net Revenues	15.6%	13.6%	8.2%	20.9%	12.4%	13.6%	29.2%	6.2%

*Free cash flow is a non-GAAP measure and is defined as net cash provided by operating activities less purchases of property and equipment.*

Some items may not add or recalculate due to rounding.

**NETAPP, INC.**  
**RECONCILIATION OF NON-GAAP GUIDANCE TO GAAP**  
**THIRD QUARTER FISCAL 2024**  
(Unaudited)

	<b>THIRD Quarter Fiscal 2024</b>
Gross Margin - Non-GAAP Guidance	~71%
Adjustment:	
Cost of revenues adjustments	(1)%
Gross Margin - GAAP Guidance	~70%

	<b>THIRD Quarter Fiscal 2024</b>
Operating Margin - Non-GAAP Guidance	~28%
Adjustments:	
Amortization of intangible assets	(1)%
Stock-based compensation expense	(6)%
Operating Margin - GAAP Guidance	~21%

**NETAPP, INC.**  
**RECONCILIATION OF NON-GAAP GUIDANCE TO GAAP**  
**THIRD QUARTER FISCAL 2024**  
(Unaudited)

	<b>THIRD Quarter Fiscal 2024</b>
Net Income Per Share - Non-GAAP Guidance	\$1.64 - \$1.74
Adjustments:	
Amortization of intangible assets	(\$0.07)
Stock-based compensation expense	(\$0.44)
Income tax effects	\$0.04
Net Income Per Share - GAAP Guidance	\$1.17 - \$1.27

**NETAPP, INC.**  
**RECONCILIATION OF NON-GAAP GUIDANCE TO GAAP**  
**FISCAL 2024**  
**(Unaudited)**

	<b>Fiscal 2024</b>
Gross Margin - Non-GAAP Guidance	~71%
Adjustment:	
Cost of revenues adjustments	(1)%
Gross Margin - GAAP Guidance	~70%

	<b>Fiscal 2024</b>
Product Margin - Non-GAAP Guidance	58% - 60%
Adjustments:	-
Product Margin - GAAP Guidance	58% - 60%

	<b>Fiscal 2024</b>
Operating Margin - Non-GAAP Guidance	~26%
Adjustments:	
Amortization of intangible assets	(1)%
Stock-based compensation expense	(6)%
Operating Margin - GAAP Guidance	~19%

**NETAPP, INC.**  
**RECONCILIATION OF NON-GAAP GUIDANCE TO GAAP**  
**FISCAL 2024**  
**(Unaudited)**

	<b>Fiscal 2024</b>
Net Income Per Share - Non-GAAP Guidance	\$6.05 - \$6.25
Adjustments:	
Amortization of intangible assets	(\$0.27)
Stock-based compensation expense	(\$1.73)
Restructuring charges	(\$0.15)
Acquisition-related expenses	(\$0.03)
Litigation Settlement	\$0.02
Income tax effects	\$0.26
Net Income Per Share - GAAP Guidance	\$4.15 - \$4.35

*Some items may not add or recalculate due to rounding*

*Public Cloud annualized revenue run rate (ARR) is calculated as the annualized value of all Public Cloud customer commitments with the assumption that any commitment expiring during the next 12 months will be renewed with its existing terms*