# **■** NetApp

**Technical Report** 

# **Security and privacy of NetApp telemetry data** TR-4688

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# **Abstract**

NetApp® Active IQ® Digital Advisor displays information about your NetApp systems by aggregating telemetry data from the predictive technology built into those systems. As a NetApp customer, you should understand how this telemetry data is kept secure and private.

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# Introduction

NetApp Active IQ Digital Advisor is a cloud service that provides predictions and recommendations with Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Machine Learning (ML). These insights can help you become a data-driven IT organization. Active IQ enables you to perform the following tasks:

- Monitor and predict capacity usage to stay a step ahead of users' rapidly growing data demands
- Improve security and protect your investments with automated upgrade alerts for software and firmware
- Get recommendations for optimizing configurations based on proven best practices
- Resolve performance issues fast with real-time insights into system bottlenecks
- Apply community wisdom from diagnostic data from across the NetApp user base

Active IQ Digital Advisor displays information about your NetApp systems by aggregating telemetry data from the predictive technology built into NetApp ONTAP® software (on premises and in the cloud), NetApp SolidFire® technology, NetApp E-Series storage controllers, NetApp StorageGRID® object storage, NetApp Cloud Backup, Active IQ OneCollect, and Active IQ Unified Manager.

**Note:** Data is also collected from NetApp OnCommand® Insight and NetApp SANtricity® Web Services, but that data is not currently displayed in Active IQ.

The guiding principle of NetApp telemetry handling is to provide predictive analytics and proactive support by processing functional data about your systems, such as configuration, status, performance, and log information. As described in this document, you have choices about the types of functional data collected. Most importantly, the underlying data stored on NetApp systems is never processed.

As a NetApp customer, you should understand what data is collected, how the data is transferred to NetApp, and how it is kept secure and private. The information in this document applies to the standalone Active IQ Digital Advisor website, the NetApp BlueXP™ digital advisor, and the Active IQ mobile application.

#### AutoSupport and the Active IQ predictive technology

NetApp AutoSupport® technology proactively monitors the health of your data, wherever it lives. It continuously watches your flash, traditional, and cloud storage, drawing on over 200 billion real-time and historical diagnostic records to spot potential problems before they affect your business.

AutoSupport packages telemetry data into status messages, which, in normal operating conditions, are regularly sent to NetApp. If a problem occurs, many of these messages automatically open a case, request additional data, and provide corrective solutions without requiring any action from your IT staff.

The telemetry data is made available to customers (product owners) and NetApp Support through the NetApp Active IQ Digital Advisor interface. See the section on Data Access below for details on role-based restrictions.

# **Metrics of the Advantages of Using AutoSupport**

If we compare customers using NetApp AutoSupport® technology with those who are not, NetApp has measured a reduction of 60% in the number of P1 support cases, which represent cases with customer impacting downtime. In addition, when comparing customers using NetApp AutoSupport® technology with those who are not, support cases that do occur have a 50% faster resolution time. This is mostly due to our support team having immediate access to the data they need to troubleshoot problems.

#### SolidFire Active IQ predictive technology

Starting the moment you deploy a cluster, SolidFire Active IQ continuously and proactively monitors your systems to make sure that you experience the highest possible levels of availability and performance.

This telemetry data is also uploaded to the Active IQ database, where it is processed and made available to customers (product owners) and support through the NetApp Active IQ interface.

# Collection of telemetry data

AutoSupport and SolidFire Active IQ collect functional data such as configuration, status, and performance information about your systems. You can disable sending telemetry data to NetApp if you choose; however, doing so affects your access to predictive analytics and proactive support, such as automatic case creation. The procedure for disabling AutoSupport depends on the platform. See the product documentation for information about how to perform this action.

**Note:** AutoSupport is enabled by default on most NetApp systems.

**Note:** You may have to either configure a proxy or change your firewall settings to allow AutoSupport messages to be sent to NetApp.

For ONTAP, you also have the option to mask sensitive information from AutoSupport messages, but doing so can affect support as well. This option is disabled by default.

AutoSupport telemetry data is handled using security best practices and controls that address privacy regulations such as GDPR. NetApp also offers a Customer Data Processing Addendum (available <a href="here">here</a>) that commits NetApp to compliance with any applicable legal requirements related to privacy and data protection.

Review <u>section 4</u>, <u>Access and retention of telemetry data</u>, before deciding to limit any data sent to NetApp. Doing so makes it more difficult to manage, monitor, maintain, and support your systems.

The following sections list the information collected from each type of system and software.

#### **ONTAP**

The following list is a representative sample of what is included in an AutoSupport message for ONTAP.

**Note:** You can identify the exact content sent in an AutoSupport message by reviewing the manifest for that message. To do so, use the system node autosupport manifest show command.

- Date and timestamp of the message
- ONTAP software version
- Serial number of the storage system
- Encrypted software licenses
- Host name of the storage system
- SNMP contact name and location (if specified)

**Note:** As of ONTAP 9.16.1, this contact and location information and all PII has been removed from all AutoSupport data.

- Console encoding type
- Output of commands that provide system information
- Checksum status
- Error-Correcting Code (ECC) memory scrubber statistics
- The following information, if a high-availability (HA) configuration is licensed:
  - System ID of the partner in an HA pair
  - Host name of the partner in an HA pair
  - HA node status, including the HA monitor and HA interconnect statistics
- Contents of non-privacy-related files under the /etc directory

- Expiration date of all NetApp SnapLock® volumes on the system
- Registry information
- Usage information
- Service statistics
- Boot time statistics
- NVLOG statistics
- NetApp WAFL® check log
- Modified configurations
- X-header information
- Information about the boot device (such as the CompactFlash card)

Certain portions of this data, either alone or in combination with other external data sources, may identify an individual or company, or contain confidential information. See <a href="section 4.2">section 4.2</a>, <a href="Data encryption">Data encryption</a>, for information about encryption of sensitive information in AutoSupport when it is received by NetApp. To give our customers additional control over the data they send to NetApp, ONTAP offers a solution that protects the privacy of sensitive customer-identifying data by masking or filtering that information with the <a href="remove-private-data">-remove-private-data</a> parameter of the <a href="node">node</a> autosupport</a> modify command. When enabled (set to <a href="true">true</a>), this parameter removes, encodes, or masks sensitive data from AutoSupport attachments and headers.

Eliminated data includes the following items:

- IP addresses
- MAC addresses
- URIs
- DNS names
- E-mail addresses
- Port numbers
- Node names
- SVM names
- Cluster names
- Aggregate names
- Volume names
- Junction paths
- Policy names
- User IDs
- Group IDs
- LUNs
- Qtree names

Log and data files eliminated or hashed out within the AutoSupport when "remove-private-data" is set to true include:

- EMS-LOG-FILE.gz
- EMS-LOG-FILE-PARTNER.gz
- MESSAGES.gz
- audit-mlog.txt.gz
- partner-audit-mlog.txt.gz

- auditlog.txt.gz
- auditlog-partner.txt.gz
- sldiag-log.tgz
- shm-cluster-info.tgz
- shm-storage-info.tgz
- partner-sp-mgmt-mlog.txt.gz
- nwd-dump.tar
- FLASH-CARD-INFO-B.txt
- sysconfig\_m.txt
- rdb\_dump.txt
- backup.txt
- DF-AS.txt
- VOL-STATUS-S.txt
- VOL-STATUS-F.txt
- VOL-LANGUAGE.txt
- wafl-zki-show-top.txt
- wafl-cpstate-s.txt
- sysstate-c-1.txt
- wafl-debugging-flags.txt
- spider-list.txt
- spider-history.txt
- cf\_rsrctbl.xml
- boottimes.xml
- disk-partition-ownership.txt
- bgp-neighbor.txt
- route-active.xml
- pcpconfig\_stat\_pcp.txt
- pcpconfig\_stat\_vif\_all.txt
- pcpconfig\_stat\_conn\_listen\_no.txt
- pcpconfig\_stat\_conn\_listen\_yes.txt
- nperf\_raconn.txt
- pcpconfig\_get\_port\_binding\_list.txt
- netstat\_nrGD.txt
- netstat\_nia.txt
- bsd-netstat-anCEWcT.txt
- netstat\_s.txt
- sysctl\_sysvar\_nblade.txt
- bsd-ipfw-list.txt
- ifconfig\_vvvm.txt
- bsd-sysctl-vsmap.txt
- bsd-sysctl-fibmap.txt
- bsd-jls-v.txt

- var-etc-hosts.txt
- device-discovery.xml
- detect-switchless.xml
- qos-marking.xml
- cifsstate\_log\_all.txt
- disk-fault-context.xml
- AGGR-SCRUB-STATUS.txt
- AGGR-MEDIA-SCRUB-STATUS.txt
- AGGR-STATUS-V.txt
- AGGR-STATUS-S.txt
- ACP-IBACP-LIST-ALL.txt
- sysconfig\_t.txt
- adapter-dump-log.txt
- asup\_extra.txt
- USAGE.txt
- var-etc-fstab.txt
- var-etc-periodic-conf.txt
- var-etc-periodic-conf-local.txt
- var-etc-nsswitch-conf.txt
- var-etc-ntp-conf.txt
- var-etc-resolv-conf.txt
- var-etc-rc-conf.txt
- var-etc-sysctl-conf.txt
- rc.txt
- ps-axrHwww.txt
- spinhi-stats.txt
- ntpdc\_peer.txt
- ntpdc\_sysinfo.txt
- ntpdc\_kerninfo.txt
- vmstat.txt
- vmstat\_m.txt
- vmstat\_z.txt
- vm-stat-d.txt
- kma-stats.txt
- kma-stats-cache.txt
- top\_bS.txt
- kenv
- leak-data.gz
- panic-context.xml
- sp-downcontroller-configuration.txt
- sp-downcontroller-configuration-partner.txt
- sp-downcontroller-runtime.txt

- sp-downcontroller-runtime-partner.txt
- sp-downcontroller-system\_event\_log.txt
- sp-downcontroller-system\_event\_log-partner.txt
- sp-downcontroller-syslog.txt
- sp-downcontroller-syslog-partner.txt
- sp-downcontroller-console\_logs.txt
- sp-downcontroller-console\_logs-partner.txt
- sp-latest-configuration.txt
- sp-latest-configuration-partner.txt
- sp-latest-runtime.txt
- sp-latest-runtime-partner.txt
- sp-latest-system-event-log.txt
- sp-latest-system-event-log-partner.txt
- sp-latest-syslog.txt
- sp-latest-syslog-partner.txt
- sp-latest-console-logs.txt
- sp-latest-console-logs-partner.txt
- cps-clusfs-stats.tar
- metrocluster-iscsi-initiator.txt
- sp-prereboot-configuration.txt
- sp-prereboot-runtime.txt
- sp-prereboot-system-event-log.txt
- sp-prereboot-syslog.txt
- cm-stats-event-data.tar
- appdm-application-rest-api.json
- appdm-application-rest-api-component.json
- wafl-remote-config.txt
- snap-sched-a.txt
- snap-list-n.txt
- snap-list-n-a.txt
- snap-reserve.txt
- snap-reserve-a.txt
- fabriclink-status.txt
- fabriclink-links.txt
- vserver-migrate-instance.txt
- ucore\_reports.tar
- flash-cache-context.xml
- sldiag-log.txt
- qat-dump.tgz
- var-etc-xinetd-d-ssh.txt
- command-history.gz
- command-history-partner.gz

- sm-log.gz
- partner-sm-log.gz
- backup.gz
- backup-partner.gz
- sis-log.gz
- sis-log-partner.gz
- idedup-log.gz
- idedup-log-partner.gz
- acplog.gz
- acplog-partner.gz
- shelf-log-sas.gz
- shelf-log-sas-partner.gz
- shelf-log-esh.gz
- shelf-log-esh-partner.gz
- shelf-log-ata.gz
- shelf-log-ata-partner.gz
- shelf-log-iom.gz
- shelf-log-iom-partner.gz
- debug.gz
- debug-partner.gz
- mgwd.gz
- mgwd-partner.gz
- sktrace.gz
- sktrace-partner.gz
- ndmpd.gz
- ndmpd-partner.gz
- notifyd.gz
- notifyd-partner.gz
- secd.gz
- secd-partner.gz
- ypbind.gz
- ypbind-partner.gz
- spmd.gz
- spmd-partner.gz
- vifmgr.gz
- vifmgr-partner.gz
- vldb.gz
- vldb-partner.gz
- messages.log.gz
- messages-partner.gz
- sysmgr-mlog.txt.gz
- partner-sysmgr-mlog.txt.gz

- cm-daemon-mlog.txt.gz
- partner-cm-daemon-mlog.txt.gz
- bcomd.gz
- snapmirror.gz
- snapmirror-partner.gz
- snapmirror-audit-log.txt.gz
- partner-snapmirror-audit-log.txt.gz
- snapmirror-error-log.txt.gz
- partner-snapmirror-error-log.txt.gz
- oss-statd.gz
- partner-oss-statd.gz
- oss-mond.gz
- partner-oss-mond.gz
- dotsql.gz
- dotsql-partner.gz
- php.gz
- php-partner.gz
- php-fpm.error.gz
- php-fpm.error-partner.gz
- php-fpm.access.gz
- php-fpm.access-partner.gz
- shibd.gz
- partner-shibd.gz
- crs-mlog.txt.gz
- partner-crs-mlog.txt.gz
- vserverdr-mlog.txt.gz
- partner-vserverdr-mlog.txt.gz
- licensed.gz
- partner-licensed.gz
- cro-proxy.gz
- partner-cro-proxy.gz
- kmip2-client.gz
- partner-kmip2-client.gz
- apache\_access.gz
- apache\_access-partner.gz
- apache\_error.gz
- apache\_error-partner.gz
- web-diag.gz
- web-diag-partner.gz
- fpolicy-mlog.txt.gz
- partner-fpolicy-mlog.txt.gz
- mpaudit-mlog.txt.gz

- partner-mpaudit-mlog.txt.gz
- worm.gz
- worm-partner.gz
- qpidd.gz
- qpidd-partner.gz
- qdrouterd.gz
- qdrouterd-partner.gz
- vsun-tasks.xml
- cdpd-show-stats.txt
- sockstat-M.txt
- csm-rastrace.tgz
- netsetup.log.txt.gz
- event-manager.xml
- ctran-client-stats.txt
- rastrace-spdk.tgz
- rastrace-spdk-log.tgz
- rastrace-nvmf-mgmt.tgz
- nvmf-sli.queue
- snapmirror-cg-sync-stat-show.txt
- ssm-resync-failures-context.xml
- haic-rastrace.tgz
- sanown-rastrace.tgz
- ha-rastrace.tgz
- hamsg-rastrace.tgz
- rdma-rastrace.tgz
- rdma-ib-rastrace.tgz
- raid-rastrace.tgz
- raid-info-listdisk.txt
- raid-info-listcntdisk.txt
- raid-info-listplex.txt
- raid-listmvm.txt
- shelf\_log.gz
- bsd-iscsictl-v.txt
- bsd-ctladm-isstats.txt
- bridge-dumpconfiguration.txt
- bridge-event-log.tgz
- bridge-panic-context.xml
- dmesg.txt
- micro-core
- rpcinfo-p.txt
- sp-downcontroller-controller-forensics-jtag.xml
- rpcinfo.txt

- mtrace-log-xc-mgr.xml
- mtrace-log-dsmdb-server.xml
- mtrace-log-dsmdb-client.xml
- qlgcfcvi-regdump1.gz
- qlgcfcvi-regdump2.gz
- qlgcfcvi-pciconfigdump1.gz
- qlgcfcvi-pciconfigdump2.gz
- metrocluster-sysctl-toe.txt
- metrocluster-sysctl-cc-stats.txt
- metrocluster-sysctl-cc-1-stats.txt
- metrocluster-sysctl-tcp-stats.txt
- mroot-ctl-conf.txt
- mroot-iscsi-conf.txt
- var-ctl-conf.txt
- var-iscsi-conf.txt
- ctld-log.gz
- metrocluster-ctladm-isstats.txt
- rastrace-mcc.tgz
- metrocluster-counter-perf-cluster.txt
- metrocluster-counter-perf-node.txt
- metrocluster-mtrace.log
- metrocluster-counter-nvm-mirror.txt
- metrocluster-counter-fcvi.txt
- metrocluster-counter-mcculp.txt
- metrocluster-counter-iwarp.txt
- metrocluster-counter-mccstorage.txt
- rastrace-interconnect.tgz
- fct-adm-data.gz
- fct-tpd-data.gz
- fct-isp-data.gz
- fct-sli-data.gz
- rastrace\_fct\_adm.tgz
- rastrace\_fct\_extended.tgz
- rastrace\_fct\_basic.tgz
- fcp-isp-dump.gz
- fcp-sli-dump.gz
- fcp-sli-queue
- fcp-bcomka-trace-hi.tgz
- fcp-bcomka-trace-low.tgz
- fcp\_scsit\_trace\_hi.tgz
- fcp\_scsit\_trace.tgz
- sp-debug-mlog.txt.gz

- sp-debug-old-mlog.txt.gz
- rastrace-qos-rbr.tgz
- performance-archives.tar
- appdm-application-rollback-failure.json
- appdm-stat-show.txt
- appdm-snapshot-stat-show.txt
- rastrace-snap-coord.tgz
- rastrace-snapshot.tgz
- metrocluster-tcp-netstat-tcp.txt
- metrocluster-tcp-sysctl-mcc.txt
- metrocluster-tcp-sysctl-rlib.txt
- metrocluster-tcp-statstimeseries.xml
- metrocluster-tcp-statshistory.xml
- metrocluster-tcp-stats.xml
- metrocluster-tcp-statstunables.xml
- ipsec-conf.txt
- ipsec-custom-conf.txt
- charon-conf.txt
- strongswan-conf.txt
- charon.log
- svm-migrate-snapmirror-audit-log.txt.gz
- svm-migrate-snapmirror-error-log.txt.gz
- svm-migrate-counter.txt
- svm-migrate-perf-orch.txt
- node-info.txt
- svm-migrate-dr-dm-latency-queue-show.txt
- svm-migrate-dr-dm-latency-update-show.txt

You should remove private data only if you have a compliance reason requiring the most robust security. Removing the data has the following significant functional impacts:

- Disables most support case automation (you would be responsible for monitoring your NetApp storage system closely to avoid disruptions)
- Limited system information visibility and functional capability in Active IQ (for example, when viewing the operational efficiency, performance, and system health dashboard views)
- Reduced value to customers from other NetApp services that depend on AutoSupport content analysis such as assessment services and storage optimization and efficiency reports
- Increased support resolution times compared to complete AutoSupport information messages

#### E-Series

Each AutoSupport message for E-Series storage systems contains the following information:

- System log files
- Configuration data (formatted XML and unstructured command output)
- State data (subsystem up/down and capacity used)

- Performance metrics
- System inventory data

#### **SolidFire**

The following information is collected from SolidFire systems:

- Volume, snap, account node IDs, and so on
- Performance and capacity data for clusters and volumes
- Error and event history
- SolidFire software versions
- Hardware configuration information
- Quality-of-service (QoS) configurations
- Volume details (size, creation date, and so on)
- Volume access group and session configurations
- Node and cluster IPs

The following information is not collected:

- Any actual end-user data
- CHAP secrets
- Passwords
- Cluster administrative user information

#### **NetApp HCI**

The following information is collected from NetApp HCI compute systems in addition to the SolidFire storage systems noted in section 2.3:

- Hardware and configuration information for HCI compute nodes
- vCenter Alarm information for HCI compute nodes
- Support and monitoring data for HCI compute nodes
- Virtual machine configuration information
- vCenter license, version, and configuration information

### **Cloud Backup**

Each AutoSupport message for Cloud Backup contains the following information:

- Alarm states
- Recent log messages
- Hardware and software diagnostic outputs
- Performance metrics
- Sanitized configuration information

#### **StorageGRID**

Each AutoSupport message for StorageGRID contains the following information:

- StorageGRID software version
- Operating system version
- System-level and location-level attribute information

- All alarms raised in the last 7 days
- Status of all grid tasks, including historical data
- Events information as listed on the SSM > Events > Overview page
- Admin Node database usage
- Number of lost or missing objects
- Grid configuration settings
- NMS entities
- Active ILM policy
- Provisioned grid specification file
- Bucket ID
- Account ID

Note: The data does NOT contain Bucket Names or Account Names, only the IDs.

# **OnCommand Insight**

AutoSupport messages for OnCommand Insight contain the following information:

- Basic information about the OnCommand Insight instance
- The licensed modules and protocols in the OnCommand Insight instance
- The arrays that the OnCommand Insight instance is monitoring (serial number, manufacturer, model number, capacity, and so on)
- The virtual disks that the OnCommand Insight is monitoring (data source, location, object identifier, capacity, and so on)

# **Active IQ Unified Manager**

Each AutoSupport message for Active IQ Unified Manager contains the following information:

- Basic configuration information about the systems managed by a Unified Manager instance
- Log files
- Diagnostic contents from command outputs

# **SANtricity Web Services (REST API)**

AutoSupport messages for SANtricity Web Services contain the following information:

- A configuration file of systems being managing
- Logs for the application
- Application-specific counters
- A web server configuration file

#### Active IQ OneCollect

AutoSupport messages for OneCollect contain the following information:

 Configuration information from the hosts, hypervisors, switches, and storage arrays from which a collection was run

# Transfer of telemetry data

By default, most NetApp products use the HTTPS protocol to send telemetry data to NetApp technical support. HTTPS connections to NetApp are encrypted and authenticated using TLS 1.2 or later. Older versions of TLS, as well as HTTP, are rejected by NetApp. NetApp strongly recommends using HTTPS because it is more secure, it enables NetApp to provide better support, and it provides better analytics through Active IQ. However, SMTP is also offered for products that cannot support HTTPS. NetApp supports receiving encrypted SMTP messages.

Table 1) Supported transport protocols for AutoSupport.

Product	Default protocol	Additional protocols supported
Cloud Backup	HTTPS	None
E-Series	HTTPS	SMTP
OnCommand Insight	HTTPS	SMTP and FTP
Active IQ Unified Manager	HTTPS	None
ONTAP	HTTPS	SMTP
SANtricity Web Services	HTTPS	SMTP
SolidFire and NetApp HCI	HTTPS	None
StorageGRID	SMTP	None
Active IQ OneCollect	HTTPS	None

Note: AutoSupport messages are generally used by NetApp Support. Although you can configure AutoSupport to notify you of critical events on ONTAP systems, you should use event notifications from the Event Management System (EMS) so that you are notified of issues that require attention.

Figure 2 illustrates how AutoSupport transfers data from an ONTAP system to NetApp.

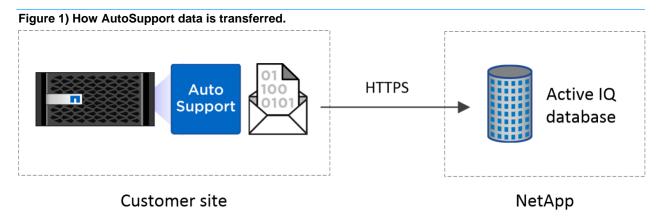
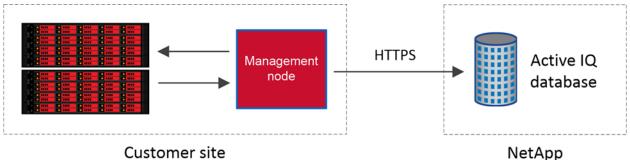


Figure 3 illustrates how SolidFire and NetApp HCI transfer telemetry data to NetApp.

Figure 3) How SolidFire and NetApp HCI telemetry data is transferred.



#### On demand delivery of AutoSupport messages

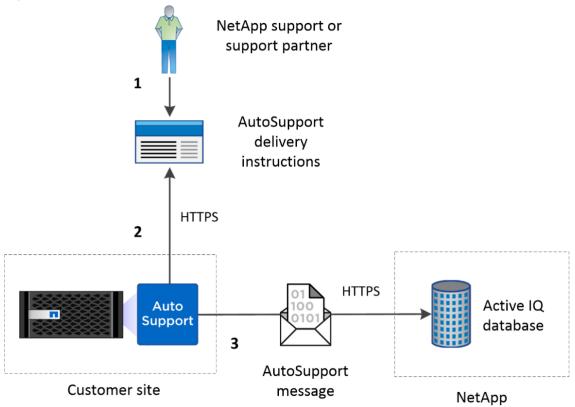
AutoSupport On Demand enables NetApp to request AutoSupport messages on demand to troubleshoot cases without the need for customer intervention. This feature is supported with ONTAP and E-Series systems that use HTTPS to deliver messages to NetApp.

AutoSupport On Demand is a delivery service through which the storage system polls support.netapp.com and looks in an inbox for instructions. The service works as follows:

- 1. As needed, NetApp Support or support partners create delivery instructions for particular systems. These instructions enable a limited set of predefined AutoSupport delivery instructions:
  - a. Requests for new AutoSupport data to determine the current system state.
  - b. Requests for more in-depth AutoSupport data to resolve complex cases (diagnostic AutoSupport messages, core files, and performance archives).
  - c. Memory buffers containing customer data are excluded from the core files in AutoSupport messages.
  - d. Notifications are sent of available software upgrades, including disk firmware, shelf firmware, management controller (SP or BMC) firmware, and time zone files (supported in ONTAP 9.10.1 and later).
- 2. Systems periodically poll the AutoSupport On Demand service to obtain delivery instructions through encrypted HTTPS. All transmissions are initiated from the system, not from the AutoSupport server.
- 3. If a system obtains delivery instructions, AutoSupport invokes a new message and sends it to NetApp using HTTPS.

Figure 4 illustrates the AutoSupport On Demand workflow. The numbers in the image correspond to the steps above.

Figure 4) AutoSupport On Demand workflow.



AutoSupport On Demand is restricted to users who have valid NetApp Support site credentials and appropriate business roles (technical support engineers, support account managers, and support partners authorized to work on a given storage system).

AutoSupport On Demand usage is transparent:

- Customers can review and execute all predefined delivery instructions by using the ONTAP CLI.
- Customers and partners receive a copy of the AutoSupport message if you configured the system to send AutoSupport messages to your internal support organization and to partners.
- On Demand usage is tracked and displayed:
  - On Demand requests are logged in daily management log AutoSupport messages.
  - Resulting AutoSupport messages contain On Demand in the title and can be viewed through Active IQ.

# Access and retention of telemetry data

#### Where the data resides

AutoSupport data is sent to one or more NetApp data centers in the United States. The data is not archived at an offsite location. Some data processed or derived from AutoSupport is stored in a cloud service provider and used to provide API access worldwide.

## Data handling and encryption

For all data, AutoSupport messages are scanned upon receipt, and personally identifiable information (PII) and all customer identifiable information (CII) is encrypted and hashed as the messages are saved, except any CII that a customer entered in a named item (for example a volume name). NetApp recommends against naming things using CII or any other private information. Subsequently, only customers, customers' partners, and NetApp individuals whose job requires access are allowed to request decryption of that information.

When data arrives, data from certain governmental entities is separated from the rest of the data and is stored separately from all other data. This data has additional security controls placed on it, including that only verified NetApp employees and contractors who are U.S. citizens can use it during support issues. See Who can access the data for details.

The rest of the data is then separated into potentially PII and potentially CII. This data is then stored in an encrypted database and hashed, which has strong security controls and auditing placed on it. Only customers and specially authorized people can decrypt and decode the hash on that data when needed, and then those decryptions are logged and audited. The rest of the non-identifying data is encrypted at rest.

In short, all data is encrypted at rest. Data from governmental entities is stored separately with additional access controls. PII and CII is stored separately, encrypted, and hashed, and has another level of access controls.

**Note:** As of ONTAP 9.16.1, all PII has been removed from all AutoSupport data before it is sent to NetApp.

#### **Data access**

Who can access the data Access to NetApp telemetry data is secured by a data access layer that requires positive identification of each user requesting access. All requests for data must include a verifiable reference to the individual who is requesting access. The data access layer is implemented using the following:

- Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML) for authentication, which requires individual registration with NetApp
- Authenticated user attributes (employing company, geographic location, citizenship, and so on)
- Role-based access controls (job function)

The following people can access the data based on their job role:

NetApp customer success and account teams. NetApp employees and approved agents can
access capacity, performance, and configuration data for customer support and sales uses, to allow
them to better help their customer.

**Note:** For systems that have the SupportEdge Secure for Government support level or that are owned by the United States government, NetApp access to telemetry data is restricted to employees and contractors who are United States citizens working in the United States.

- Customers. Any user from a company that has registered with the NetApp Support site can access
  data for all their installed systems that have AutoSupport or SolidFire Active IQ enabled and have
  active support contracts.
  - Users are only able to view systems that are registered with their company. Active IQ uses the product registration and support registration credentials from the NetApp Support site to control access
- **Partners.** Partners who have registered with the NetApp Support site can access data for all systems that they sold or currently support for those systems that have AutoSupport enabled and that have active support contracts. Customers can revoke or change access at any time.

## Security testing

NetApp tests access controls as part of monthly release cadence system integration testing. NetApp also runs monthly vulnerability assessments.

#### **Data retention period**

NetApp retains raw AutoSupport telemetry messages for 7 years. While a support contract is in place, NetApp retains SolidFire telemetry data for up to 5 years. Customers can request that their data be deleted at any time by opening a support case.

#### Certifications

NetApp has a long-held and ongoing commitment to compliance with the ever-evolving set of global, regional, and data security and privacy standards and regulations. We uphold this commitment through self-assessments and rigorous audits by independent accredited third parties. These audits validate the adherence of our products and services to the requirements of such standards as ISO/IEC 27001, the GDPR, and the Common Criteria. To see more information, see our <a href="Trust Center">Trust Center</a>. The scope of these certifications includes AutoSupport and its infrastructure. NetApp does not provide the audit reports to customers. NetApp's telemetry and support infrastructure is also DORA compliant.

#### Where to find additional information

To learn more about the information described in this document, refer to the following resources. Some of these resources require a NetApp Support Site account, which is provided to NetApp customers.

- Active IQ <a href="https://mysupport.netapp.com/myautosupport/home.html">https://mysupport.netapp.com/myautosupport/home.html</a>
- NetApp Cloud Backup Resources <a href="https://mysupport.netapp.com/altavault/resources">https://mysupport.netapp.com/altavault/resources</a>
- E-Series Documentation Center https://mysupport.netapp.com/eseries
- OnCommand Insight Resources https://mysupport.netapp.com/oncommandinsight/resources
- Active IQ Unified Manager Resources
   https://mysupport.netapp.com/unifiedmanager/resources
- ONTAP Resources https://mysupport.netapp.com/ontap/resources
- SolidFire Resources
   https://mysupport.netapp.com/solidfire/resources
- StorageGRID Resources https://mysupport.netapp.com/site/products/all/details/storagegrid/guideme-tab

Refer to the Interoperability Matrix Tool (IMT) on the NetApp Support site to validate that the exact product and feature versions described in this document are supported for your specific environment. The NetApp IMT defines the product components and versions that can be used to construct configurations that are supported by NetApp. Specific results depend on each customer's installation in accordance with published specifications.

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